

Listing of All Claims

1. (Original) A method for sharing a decoder among a plurality of data streams comprising:

decoding data samples from a first data stream in said plurality of data streams;
storing N data samples processed from said first data stream in a replay buffer before decoding data from other data streams in said plurality; and

replaying said N data samples stored in said replay buffer to restore said decoder to a state said decoder was in when it last decoded said data samples from said first data stream prior to processing any new data samples from said first data stream.

2. (Original) The method as in claim 1 further comprising:

temporarily storing a plurality of accumulator values associated with said first data stream in an accumulator buffer; and

restoring said accumulator values prior to replaying said N data samples stored in said replay buffer.

3. (Original) The method as in claim 2 wherein N accumulator values are stored in said buffer and associated with said first data stream.

4. (Original) The method as in claim 1 wherein said decoder is a forward-error correction ("FEC") decoder.

5. (Original) The method as in claim 1 wherein said decoder is a maximum likelihood decoder.

6. (Original) The method as in claim 1 wherein said decoder is a convolutional decoder.

7. (Original) The method as in claim 1 wherein said decoder is a Viterbi decoder.

8. (Original) The method as in claim 7 wherein N is a particular Viterbi trellis depth.

9. (Original) The method as in claim 1 wherein said data streams are from different satellite transponders.

10. (Original) The method as in claim 1 wherein said data streams are from different cable carriers.

11. (Currently amended) A ~~decoder~~ replay method of context switching a decoder comprising:

decoding a first set of data from a first data stream to generate a first plurality of decoded data, said decoder being in a first state after decoding said first set of data;

temporarily storing said first set of data in a buffer;

decoding other sets of data from one or more other streams;

restoring said decoder to said first state by re-decoding said first set of data from said buffer; and

decoding a second set of data from said first data stream ~~once~~ after said decoder is restored to said first state, said decoder being in a second state after decoding said second set of data.

12. (Original) The method as in claim 11 further comprising:

temporarily storing said second set of data in a buffer said second set of data being usable to restore said decoder to said second state after said decoder has decoded additional data from said one or more other streams.

13. (Original) The method as in claim 11 further comprising:

temporarily storing a plurality of accumulator values associated with said first data stream in an accumulator buffer; and

restoring said accumulator values prior to replaying said first set of data stored in said buffer.

14. (Original) The method as in claim 11 wherein said decoder is a forward error correction ("FEC") decoder.

15. (Original) The method as in claim 11 wherein said decoder is a Viterbi decoder.

16. (Original) The method as in claim 11 wherein said first and second data streams are transmitted from first and second transponders, respectively.

17. (Original) A system comprising:
a decoder for decoding data from a plurality of data streams;
data replay means for restoring said decoder to a state it was in when it previously decoded data from each respective data stream, before decoding new data from each respective data stream.

18. (Original) The system as in claim 17 wherein said data replay logic comprises a replay buffer for temporarily storing pluralities of data from each respective data stream, said pluralities of data being usable by said replay logic to restore said decoder to a state it was in when it previously decoded data from each respective data stream.

19. (Original) The system as in 18 further comprising:
accumulator storage means for temporarily storing accumulator values associated with each respective data stream.

20. (Original) The system as in claim 19 wherein the number of accumulator values associated with each data stream are equivalent in number to a number of data samples from each data stream stored in said replay buffer.

21. (Original) The system as in claim 17 wherein said decoder is a Viterbi decoder.

22. (Original) The system as in claim 17 wherein said decoder is a Turbo Code decoder.

23. (Original) The system as in claim 17 wherein each of said data streams contains data from a different satellite transponder.

24. (Original) The system as in claim 17 further comprising:
one or more additional decoders for decoding a plurality of additional data streams; and

additional data replay logic for restoring said decoders to previous states when said decoders previously decoded data from each respective data stream, before said decoders decode new data from each respective data stream.

25. (Currently amended) ~~A machine-readable medium having code stored thereon which defines an~~ An integrated circuit (IC), said IC comprising:

a decoder for decoding data ~~samples~~ symbols from a first data stream ~~in said plurality of data streams~~;

a replay buffer for storing N data ~~samples~~ symbols processed from said first data stream in a replay buffer before decoding data from other data streams in said plurality; and

replay logic to replay said N data ~~samples~~ symbols stored in said replay buffer and to thereby restore said decoder to a state said decoder was in when it last decoded said data ~~samples~~ symbols from said first data stream prior to processing any new data ~~samples~~ symbols from said first data stream.

26. (Currently amended) The ~~machine-readable medium~~ integrated circuit as in claim 25 further comprising:

accumulator storage logic to temporarily store a plurality of accumulator values associated with said first data stream in an accumulator buffer; and
accumulator restoration logic to restore said accumulator values prior to replaying said N data samples stored in said replay buffer.

27. (Currently amended) The ~~machine-readable medium~~ integrated circuit as in claim 26 wherein N accumulator values are stored in said buffer and associated with said first data stream.

28. (Currently amended) The ~~machine-readable medium~~ integrated circuit as in claim 25 wherein said decoder is a forward-error-correction ("FEC") decoder.

29. (Currently amended) The ~~machine-readable medium~~ integrated circuit as in claim 25 wherein said decoder is a maximum likelihood decoder.

30. (Currently amended) The ~~machine-readable medium~~ integrated circuit as in claim 25 wherein said decoder is a convolutional decoder.

31. (Currently amended) The ~~machine-readable medium~~ integrated circuit as in claim 25 wherein said decoder is a Viterbi decoder.

32. (Currently amended) The ~~machine-readable medium~~ integrated circuit as in claim 31 wherein N is a particular Viterbi trellis depth.

33. (Currently amended) The ~~machine-readable medium~~ integrated circuit as in claim 25 wherein said data streams are from different satellite transponders.

34. (Currently amended) The ~~machine-readable medium~~ integrated circuit as in claim 25 wherein said data streams are from different cable carriers.

35. (New) A replay method of sharing a decoder among multiple input symbol streams in a digital video receiver comprising:

processing a first series of symbols from a first input stream in the decoder to generate a first plurality of metric data, said decoder being in a first state after processing said first series of symbols;

temporarily storing said first series of symbols in a replay buffer;

processing a second series of symbols from a second input stream in the decoder to generate a second plurality of metric data; and

context switching the decoder to said first state by re-processing said first set of symbols from the replay buffer.

36. (New) A replay method of sharing a decoder according to claim 35 wherein the decoder comprises a Viterbi decoder and the metric data comprises Viterbi trellis path metric data.

37. (New) A replay method of sharing a decoder according to claim 36 wherein said storing the first series of symbols comprises storing an integer N of such symbols, where N is the Viterbi trellis depth.

38. (New) A replay method of sharing a decoder according to claim 36 and further comprising:

accumulating metric values from an add-compare-select circuit of the Viterbi decoder during said processing the first series of symbols, and

restoring the accumulated metric values as part of said context switching.